

# **Animal Contact Information for Students**

# You are responsible for reading all the following information regarding student-animal contact.

### Why This Matters

- UC Davis follows the <u>Animal Welfare Act</u>—a federal law ensuring humane treatment of animals in education and research.
- The **Institutional Animal Care and Use Committee (IACUC)** oversees animal use and the safety of those who come into contact with animals.
- Your class activities involving animals are **approved by the IACUC** and follow strict safety protocols and animal use guidelines.

# **<u>A</u>** Health & Safety Overview

#### Be Aware of the Following Risks:

- **Zoonoses**: Animal diseases that can be transmitted to humans (e.g., from cattle, sheep, goats, pigs, rodents, reptiles, etc.).
- **Allergic Reactions**: Some students may have or develop animal allergies.
- **Injuries**: Animals can unintentionally cause physical harm.

#### **Utilize the Following Precautions:**

- Always wash your hands after contact with animals.
- Wear long pants and closed-toed/heel shoes.
- Use **protective gear** (e.g., lab coats, gloves) when required.
- Seek **medical attention immediately** if injured or ill—and inform your instructor.

#### **Health Conditions or Concerns:**

You should contact the **Student Health & Wellness Center** or your primary care physician if you:

- Have allergies
- Are immunocompromised
- Are **pregnant**

Have chronic health conditions

**Appointments: 530-752-2349** 

hem.ucdavis.edu

## **REQUIRED Reading Before You Begin Working with Animals**

You must review ALL THREE links below:

- 1. General Information: Potential Hazards (zoonoses, allergies, injuries)
- 2. <u>Universal Precautions & Personal Hygiene</u>
- **3.** Zoonosis Information by Species Be sure to read the sections relevant to the animals in your course.

#### Special Note Regarding Q Fever

In certain courses (e.g., labs, field trips), you may be exposed to the following:

- **Animals** at the time of parturition
- Reproductive tracts from harvested animals

This may carry a higher risk of contracting **Q Fever**, which is a bacterial disease characterized by flu-like symptoms (such as acute fever, headache, etc.). It is generally caused by direct contact and/or inhalation of the birth products/fluids, urine, feces, or milk of infected animals (primarily **sheep, goats, or cattle**). A small percentage of people can develop chronic Q Fever.

Risk and severity are increased, particularly if you are:

- Pregnant
- Immunocompromised
- Have heart valve disease

Learn more about <u>O Fever and other zoonoses here</u>.

# **Summary**

- Follow all safety protocols.
- Know the risks.
- Use the resources provided in this document.
- Ask your instructor if you have questions.

Together, let's make your hands-on learning experiences safe, educational, and successful.